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(630) 329-6160



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Shivam Viswanathan (312) 399-3860 Vijay Nangia (815) 861-4475

Youth Coords.

Alussa Shroff Aadi Pandit



फरवरी २०२२ February 2022 Posh - Maha, Vikram Samvat 2078

Hindu Satsang Samachar







Hindu Satsang Updates

By Shivam Viswanathan

Sadar pranaam to all Satsangis! The Hindu Satsang's **Youth Festival** will be held virtually on Sunday, February 27th from 10 am to 1 pm. Like every year, this event will replace the congregation in February. The Hindu Satsang families will have the opportunity to watch this very popular event where kids showcase their talents. The invitation with details can be found on page 6 of this newsletter.

If children/teens from your family are interested in participating in the Youth Festival, please upload your video here bit.ly/HSYouthFest

The last date for Hindu Satsang's annual Didwania and Jain Scholarship deadline for submission was February 15th. The winners of the scholarships will be declared in March during the congregation.

Page 2:

<u>Birthdays</u>

& Anniversaries

Page 3 & 4: Ayurveda

Page 5: Poems and

greetings

Page 6: Youth Fest and

Shaheedi Diwas

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Recap

Page 8: Quiz on

Ancient Indian Games

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Page 10: Program

Details

- Trending News

We started the year by listening to Sunder Kand by ISSA (International Society for Spiritual Advancement). More details Congregation Recap on page 7.

Following are some of the main festivals/events coming up in the next few weeks, our best wishes to everyone (dates may vary based on the location/calendar): **Mahashivratri** on Tuesday, March 1st, **Holi** on Friday 18th March. The 91st **Shaheed Diwas** will be observed on Wednesday, March 23rd. This day is observed across the country to remember the sacrifice of great freedom fighters of India - Bhagat Singh, Rajguru, and Sukhdev.

Looking forward to seeing everyone on Sunday, February, 27th over Zoom for our annual Youth Fest. Stay safe & healthy.



Happy Birth Month to our Satsangis born in February



Aditya Singh Yadav	Angela Gupta	Anil Pal	Annu Singh	Anupam Agnihotri
Ayushmaan Trivedi	Bhavana Prajapati	Brian Edward	Charu Gupta	Herschel Gupta
Jay Kalra	Jyotsna Salgia	Kiran Gupta	Komal Kinger	Mira Upadhyay
Mohan Gandhi	Naresh Noharia	Niket Gupta	Poonam Kataria	Priya Pandit
Puja Garg	Rajeev Goel	Ruchika Akhand	Rupal Upadyay	Sachin Mittal
Sangita Garg	Shashi Malhotra	Shilpa Shah	Shubh Malhan	Sneh Gunya
Sonia Dhawan	Subash Oza	Tanu Singh	Vikas Upadhyay	Latika Jain

Krish Nangia

Happy Anniversary Month

Anant & Jyotsna Vyas Anita Singhal & Rajesh Singhal

Bikash & Pinky Khanna Dharam & Kiran Punwani Vinod & Shashi Malhotra

Gopal & Sujata Sharma

her?

Raj & Kusum Taneja

Laughter is the best medicine

traditional Indian marriages. Is it true that a few decades

ago in India, a man didn't know his wife until he married

Suresh & Rajashree Ambegaoker



Hindu Satsang's

Website address:

HinduSatsang.org

Hindu Satsang's

Facebook page:

facebook.com/

<u>HinduSatsangUSA</u>

We have more than 100 followers,

please **Like** & **Follow** for the latest updates.

Dad: That is true in every country even today, son.

Young Son in the USA: Dad, I was reading about

Keep smiling and keep surprising each other ... pleasantly of course. Have a wonderful anniversary!

Hindu Satsang Newsletter, February 2022

Page 2 of 10

Heartburn, Hyperacidity, Acid Reflux –



An Ayurvedic Perspective By Sh. Rajeev Jain

Hyperacidity – almost 25% of us suffer from it: Many of us experience symptoms directly related to the improper digestion process. A common digestive problem is hyperacidity approximately, 20% to 25% of the people annually have high acidity – and millions get hospitalized for its treatment. It is prevalent more in the 25 to 45 age group as that is the prime of the Pitta-phase of one's life – and, more prevalent among women. Depending on the severity of the problem, it may be termed as heartburn, hyperacidity, acid reflux, or GERD. After age 35, most people have lower secretion of stomach acid, yet hyperacidity is highly prevalent. Below we will discuss the management of hyperacidity under Ayurveda.

Causes of Hyperacidity: In Ayurveda, excessive secretion of acid or lack of food to absorb the acid produced in the stomach leads to hyperacidity and is called amla-pitta and is a Pitta-driven health problem. Our stomach has a protective lining that normally cannot be permeated. But, if it is constantly challenged by highly acidic foods, alcohol, chemical drugs – especially pain killers, antibiotics, and antiarthritic medication, the lining gets inflamed or damaged and results in hyperacidity. In addition, people who are overweight, obese, have had hiatal hernia, smoke, or wear very tight clothes can also suffer from hyperacidity. We can broadly categorize the causes into two categories - improper diet and improper lifestyle.

Managing Hyperacidity under Ayurvedic Approach:

Let us address each of the above two primary factors:

(1) Diet:

Today, there is a move towards organic foods – why? Overthe past few decades, the increasing

demand for food has resulted in food cultivation and transportation practices that are counter to nature. The use of growth hormones, pesticides, chemical fertilizers, preservatives, radiation, etc. has helped increase production yields and shelf-life of foods. However, these chemicals are not natural and disagree with our digestive system – causing more acidity and lower immunity. If we reduce the incidence of these chemicals in our diet and eat more consciously, we will not have hyperacidity. Below, we have identified foods that will increase the level of acidity (to be avoided) or help reduce it:

Dos: Take foods to reduce Pitta (i.e., they have cooling properties) – This would include foods and spices with bitter and astringent tastes, e.g., legumes and spices such as aniseeds, cumin, cardamom, cloves, mint leaves, and ginger. Generally, sweet fruits such as dates, pear, plums, pomegranate, ripe mango, melons, figs, and grapes are good. Also, green and leafy vegetables are good. Coconut water is excellent, as is warm milk. Buttermilk, which is normally good (as it is cooling), is not helpful in case of hyperacidity.

Continued on the next page...>>>

<<Continued from the previous page

Don'ts: Avoid foods that increase acid and heat in the stomach -This would include any alcoholic beverage, excessively sour and salty preparations, fried and greasy food. In addition, highly spicy dishes (especially with red pepper or green chilies), and excessive intake of sweets (fermented sugar produces acid) should be avoided. Also, grains such as corn, buckwheat, millet, and rye should be minimized. Reduce intake of nuts and seeds that contain oil and generate warmth in the body. Lastly, avoid foods that take a long time to digest, e.g., meats, and minimize medications such as NSAIDs (nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs), steroids, and those for reducing stress. Another factor in increasing acidity is the consumption of cold water or ice-cold drinks, even though cold liquids may feel good.

(2) Lifestyle: Today's fast-moving and demanding life is also a major contributor to hyperacidity. An improper lifestyle would include – abnormal stress, long or

late working hours, excessive travel, lack of exercise, lack of adequate sleep and variable sleep times, irregular eating times and quantity, eating late at night and eating larger meals at night.

"The great thing about Ayurveda is that its treatments always yield side benefits, not side effects."

There should be a daily routine. The importance of being regular cannot be overemphasized – particularly for meals, as the body clock will result in acids flowing into the stomach at certain times of the day.

If you are not eating at that time, the acid released by the stomach will increase the acidity level.

(3) Exercise, Meditation, and Pranayam:

Although we may consider hyperacidity a health problem related to digestion; exercise, meditation, and pranayama are very important parts of the solution. There are specific yogic exercises and pranayams (e.g., bhramari and anulom-vilom) that are particularly helpful in reducing hyperacidity and should be practiced regularly.

(4) Herbal formulations:

There are many home remedies and herbal products that are useful in treating hyperacidity as they reduce heat and acidity in the body. These include herbal ghee, amla churna, Lauha bhasma, Kamadudha ras, Suthashekhara ras, Amla pitta misran, and saunf (aniseed) based mixtures. However, these should be taken under direction from an Ayurvedic Vaidya.

"Ayurveda is the most supremely evolved system of perfect health - from both points of view. prevention and cure."

Be My Valentine by Uma Nauth

जैसा भी कहा उसने उसके कहने पर गरूर आ गया

और उसको सुनकर अपने पर सरूर आ गया

इज़हार हुआ कुछ ऐसा जब, उनकी तरफ से ख़याले बयान हो गया ऐसे में तब हमारी भी तरफ से

उन नज़रों को देख हम दर्दे दिल में डूब गये वो सुनते रहे हम कहते गये ना जाने क्यूँ धीमे धीमे आंखों से आंसू बहते गये पता नहीं ,फिर कब मुस्कान उभर आई ज़ख्मे दिल पर होश आते ही जो देखा ऊपर तैर रही थी वो उनके भी चेहरे पर !!

उनकी हल्की सी झलक पाकर नज़रे झुक गई और - ख्यालों में देख कर मुस्कुराने लगी



होली

रंगों का त्योहार है होली खुशियों की बौछार है होली लाल गुलाबी पीले देखों रंग सभी रंगीले देखों पिचकारी भर-भर ले आते इक दूजे पर सभी चलाते होली पर अब ऐसा हाल हर चेहरे पर आज गुलाल आओ यारो इसी बहाने दुश्मन को भी चलो मनाने

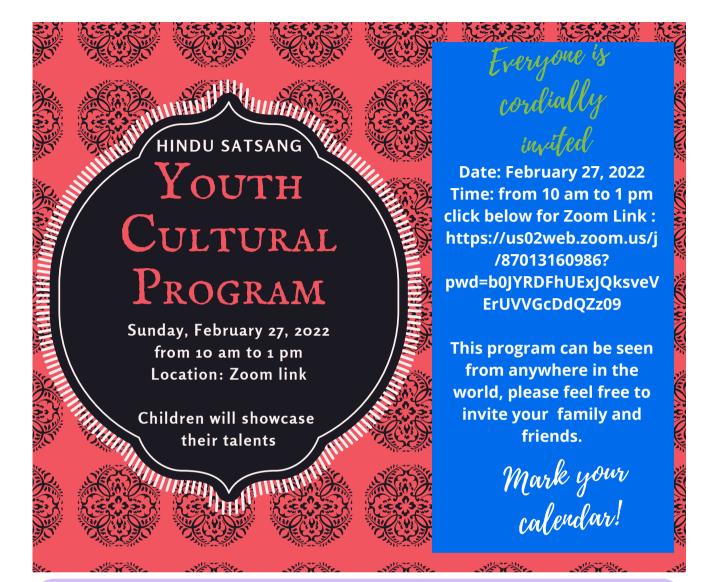


राधा का रंग और कान्हा की पिचकारी प्यार के रंग से रंग दो दुनिया सारी यह रंग ना जाने कोई जात ना कोई बोली मुबारक हो आपको रंगों भरी होली

होली की हार्दिक शुभकामनाएं



May The Lord Fulfil All Your Wishes And Bless You With A Happy Life.





Three freedom fighters were hanged by Britishers on March 23, 1931 - Bhagat Singh, Shivaram Rajguru, and Sukhdev Thapar. In order to pay homage to the revolutionaries, India commemorated March 23 as Shaheed Diwas.

भारत माता के लाल थे वे, आजादी की थी चाह बड़ी, भारत माता की शान में बस, चल निकले मृश्किल राह बडी।

इंकलाब की आग देश में, खुद जलकर भी लगाईं थी, मुँद कर आँखें सोये थे जो, फोड कर बम यूँ जगाया था।

सच्चे सपूत थे भारत माँ के, अपना सुख-दुःख सब भूल गए, माता की बेड़ी तोड़ने को हंसते-हंसते फांसी झूल गए।

वे बड़े अमर बलिदानी थे, फंदे को जिसने चूमा था, मेरा रंग दे बसंती चोला पर मरते मरते भी झुमा था।

आदर्श बने लाखों युवा के, नाम रहें जब तक है गगन, भगत सिंह, सुखदेव, राजगुरु आपको शत-शत नमन।

A brief recap of the Hindu Satsang Congregation held on January 23, 20212 By: Shivam Viswanathan

We always start the congregation in the New Year with the Sunder Kand path by ISSA (International Society for Spiritual Advancement).

The biggest gain or benefit of reading the Sundarkand Paath is that it fetches the blessings of not just Hanuman Ji, but of Shri Ram as well.

Here is the YouTube link to this Sundar Kand program on our YouTube channel: https://youtu.be/reOV3XKBFmA

Sunder Kand literally means beautiful chapter. This chapter of Ramayana talks about the adventures of Hanuman Ji and his selflessness, strength, and devotion to Rama. Hanuman Ji was fondly called "Sundara" by his mother Anjani. It is believed that just listening to the recital of Sunder Kand brings harmony to the household.

We also got an opportunity to listen to beautiful bhajan by Mrs. Kanchan Pandey - Mujh Pe Itni Kripa (मुझपे इतनी कृपा बस विधाता रहे । राम का नाम होठो पे आता रहे). On the occasion of Republic Day of India, Smt. Rashmi Gandhi sang our favorite song - Ae Mere Watan Ke logon (ऐ मेरे वतन के लोगों).



Smt. Rashmi Gandhi



Payal ji who joined us from India, sang a beautiful bhajan -Aadi Ant Mera Hai Ram.





Sh. Girish Bhatt

Sh. Tiwari and his talented son - Vardan Tiwari sang Hanuman Chalisa so beautifully.





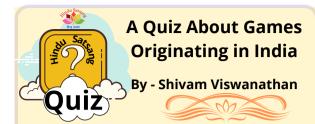
Sh. Inderjeet and Smt. Rani Gurtatta







Sh. Mithilesh Sharma



India is known for its rich culture, heritage, and art forms. Sports and games are also part of the country's creations, along with arts and crafts, cuisine, science, and culture. You may be surprised to know that many of the modern games that are flourishing in other nations originated in India. Find out how well you know the ancient Indian games by taking this quiz.

- **1.** Guess this sport from the following description: Played between two teams of seven players, the objective of the game is for a single player on offense, referred to as a "raider", to run into the opposing team's half of a court, touch out as many of their defenders as possible, and return to their own half of the court, all without being tackled by the defenders, and in a single breath.
- 2. Many people believe that this game was inspired by the Mahabharata. Abhimanyu's tactics to combat this defensive circle, among many others, are used repeatedly throughout the game. During ancient times, this game was also played with chariots. Since the chariots are called 'Rath' in Sanskrit and Hindi, the game was then known by the name 'Rathera'. What is this sport called?
- **3.** In the 1860s, British army officers stationed in India started playing this sport in Poona, Maharashtra. This sport is now played in the Olympics.
- **4.** This game of cards originated in ancient India, where the cards were made of cloths and the motifs depicted the Ramayana and Mahabharata.

- **5.** Many martial arts like Judo & Karate are based on this martial art from Ancient India. The art has traveled to the east along with the Buddhist religion. This skill was possessed by Buddhist monks who traveled barefoot from India to the east, spreading the teachings of Buddha. This technique of defense was very helpful for them as they traveled individually or in small groups.
- **6.** In the 15th century, Babur made this sport popular when he founded the Mughal Empire. Later, the Britishers globalized the sport which was just played in the areas of Manipur, Jammu & Kashmir.
- 7. In ancient India, this board game was known as Moksha Patam. This game was based on the principle of 'karma' and the role of fate. Later, during British rule, the game found its identity as a classic in England, the United States of America, and other parts of the world.
- **8.** It is a strategy-oriented board game invented in Ancient India, which includes two teams of two players each on both sides, with their pawns. Akbar and his contemporaries usually played this game on a traditional piece of cloth. A version of this game became popular as Ludo.
- 9. The name of this amazing sport from ancient India translates to gymnast and pole. The origin of this game can be traced to the 12th century, where it is mentioned in Manas-Olhas a classic by Chalukya in 1135 A.D.
- **10.** This is one of the most ancient and most popular games that originated in India. This game was initially called 'Ashtapada'. The game then came to be called 'Chaturanga' during the rule of the Gupta Empire. Persians who traveled to ancient India had picked up the game and named it 'Shatranj'. Can you name this game?

Answers on the next page >>>

Answers to the Quiz **Games Originating in** India

- 1. Kabaddi (picture on the right column)
- 2. Kho-Kho (picture on right)
- 3. Badminton
- 4. Kridapatram ("krida" means game and "patram" means leaves)
- 5. Kalaripayate (picture on right)
- 6. Polo
- 7. Snakes and Ladders (Picture on right)
- 8. Pachisi- The name of the game is derived from the Hindi word pachees, meaning "twenty-five", the largest score that can be thrown with the cowrie shells; thus this game is also known by the name Twenty-Five. (Pic. on right) 9. Mallakhamb - "Malla" means gymnast,
- and 'khamb' means pole.
- 10. Chess ~5





We are very saddened to inform you that **Shri Vishvesher Dua**, father of Mansi Sabharwal (father-in-law of Hitender Sabharwal), left for his heavenly abode on January 17. He was 80 yrs old. Mansi lost her mother in September 2021. We pray to God for providing divine peace to the departed soul and strength to the bereaving families. Om Shanti, Shanti, Shanti Om.







7. Moksha **Patam**





8. Pachisi

Hindu Satsang's Annual Youth Festival 10 AM CST on Sunday, 27th, February 2022

4th Sunday 10 AM CST



Everyone is cordially invited

Join us online

Time: 10 am CST on February 27th.

(Sunday)

Mark your calendar

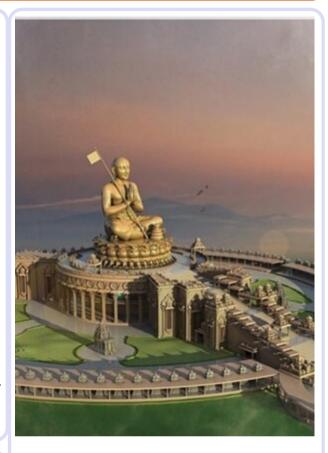
Click Here to join Zoom or use the following zoom link:

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/87013160986? pwd=b0|YRDFhUEx|QksveVErUVVGcDdOZz09



#1 Gobar-Dhan plant: Prime
Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated
a 550-tonne capacity 'gobar-dhan' Bio-CNG
plant in Indore, Madhya Pradesh. The plant
is based on zero-landfill models, whereby
no rejects would be generated. Additionally,
the project is expected to yield multiple
environmental benefits: reduction in
greenhouse gas emissions, providing green
energy along with organic compost as
fertilizer. This unit is the biggest of its kind
in Asia.

#2. The Indian-made **#KisanDrones** would be used to assess crops, digitize land records, as well as spray pesticides and nutrients.



#3. #StatueOfEquality - Bhagawad Ramanujacharya's statue was inaugurated this month. The 216-ft tall statue of Sri Ramanujacharya represents an inclusive nation, with all its people as one collective unit, a family. He embraced those who were discarded by society. Brought equality - "All are eligible to enter a temple. The Creator showed no partiality, nor should we."

- "All are equally qualified to chant the name of God."
- "All are equal in the eyes of God."

He was an inspiration for mystic poets like Kabir, Meerabai, Annamacharya, Bhaktha Ramdas, Thyagaraja, and many others.

